RULES OF SIMPLIFIED ARBITRATION

Adopted by the Board of the Danish Institute of Arbitration
and in force as from 1 May 2013
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Introductory Provisions

Article 1
(1) The Danish Institute of Arbitration (hereafter referred to as DIA) is a non-profit and independent body providing administrative services in relation to settlement of disputes in accordance with the “Rules of Simplified Arbitration” (hereafter referred to as the Rules).

(2) The Chairman’s Committee of DIA (hereafter referred to as the Chairman’s Committee) is composed of the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Board of DIA (hereafter referred to as the Board). The Chairman’s Committee carries out the functions and makes the decisions assigned to it under the Rules. If a majority is not attained, the Chairman has the casting vote. If the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman of DIA or both have a conflict of interest or are otherwise prevented from carrying out a function or make a decision, another member of the Board, respectively two other members of the Board, shall replace the Chairman and/or the Vice-Chairman.

(3) The Secretariat of DIA (hereafter referred to as the Secretariat) acts under the direction of a Secretary General. The Secretariat carries out the functions assigned to it under the Rules. The Secretariat or the Secretary General may also carry out functions or make decisions delegated to it by the Chairman’s Committee or the Board.

(4) The Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, the Secretary General and the members of the Secretariat cannot act as arbitrators in cases submitted to DIA. Members of the Board and DIA’s Board of Representatives shall not be appointed arbitrators in cases submitted to DIA, unless this is done at the proposal of one or more of the parties or pursuant to any other procedure agreed upon by the parties.

The Arbitration Agreement

Article 2
(1) Where the parties have agreed to submit to arbitration under the Rules, they shall be deemed to have submitted ipso facto to the Rules in effect on the date of commencement of the arbitration, unless they have agreed otherwise. The provisions in Appendix 3 regarding interim measures prior to the appointment of the arbitrator are only applicable if the parties’ arbitration agreement is entered into after 1 May 2013, or if the parties have explicitly agreed that the provisions in Appendix 3 shall be applicable.

(2) The case shall be decided by an arbitrator who is appointed by the Chairman’s Committee for each individual dispute.
Communications

Article 3
(1) Any communication from DIA or the arbitrator shall be deemed to have been validly received by a party when forwarded to a party’s address or last known address by registered mail, e-mail or any other means of communication that provides a record of the sending thereof, or if proven to have reached the party.

Commencing the Arbitration

Statement of Claim

Article 4
(1) A party wishing to have a dispute settled by arbitration in accordance with the Rules shall submit a Statement of Claim to DIA.

(2) The date on which DIA receives the Statement of Claim shall in all respects be considered the date on which the arbitration case commenced.

(3) The Statement of Claim shall as a minimum contain the following information:

(a) The names, addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of the parties as well as any VAT and company registration numbers.
(b) Information about any legal counsel of the parties, including the names and addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of such legal counsel.
(c) The relief or remedy sought, together with the amounts of any quantified claims and, to the extent possible, an estimate of the monetary value of any other claims.
(d) A statement of the facts and legal points supporting the relief or remedy sought.
(e) A reference to the documents, reports and other evidence, if possible, upon which the Claimant intends to rely.
(f) Any comments regarding who the parties propose to be appointed as arbitrator, including the name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of such person.

(4) Documents referred to in the Statement of Claim, including the arbitration agreement, shall be enclosed in the form of original documents or copies thereof.

(5) The Statement of Claim and any exhibits shall be accompanied by as many copies as there are other parties, together with an additional copy for the arbitrator.
Registration Fee

Article 5
(1) The Statement of Claim shall be accompanied by the payment to DIA of a registration fee of EUR 1,300 or the equivalent amount in Danish Kroner (DKK). The registration fee is non-refundable.

(2) If DIA is not in receipt of the registration fee not later than by the time it receives the Statement of Claim, the Secretariat shall fix a deadline for payment. Failure to effect payment by such deadline may cause the Secretariat to close the case without prejudice to the Claimant’s possibility of submitting a Statement of Claim on the same issue at a later stage.

Financial Deposit

Financial Deposit at the Commencement of Arbitration, etc.

Article 6
(1) In addition to the registration fee mentioned in Article 5, the parties shall pay a cash deposit as security for the estimated costs of the arbitration, including the fee of the arbitrator and an administrative charge to DIA. Interest is not added to the deposit.

(2) The Secretariat shall fix the amount of the financial deposit in accordance with the scale adopted by the Board (Appendix 1). The Claimant and the Respondent will usually be asked to pay identical amounts in financial deposit, unless otherwise decided by the Secretariat. In the event that a party does not pay its share, the Secretariat shall require the other party to pay the full financial deposit in order for the case to be processed. In such case, the paying party may request the arbitrator to render a separate arbitral award for reimbursement by the defaulting party of its share of the deposit.

(3) Failure to pay the financial deposit demanded by the Secretariat within the fixed deadline may cause the Secretariat to close the case without prejudice to the Claimant’s possibility of submitting a Statement of Claim on the same issue at a later stage.

(4) If the Respondent advances a counterclaim, (1-3) shall also apply to the counterclaim. This shall apply even if the Respondent claims a right to a set-off with regard to any claim insofar as it, at the discretion of the Secretariat, may require the arbitrator to consider additional matters.

(5) The party requesting the arbitrator to appoint an expert, cf. Article 16, shall pay an additional cash deposit to DIA as security for the estimated costs related to the expert’s work, unless otherwise decided by the Secretariat. When the expert has been appointed, he or she shall produce an estimate of the costs likely to arise out of his or her work and submit it to the Secretariat. The expert is to refrain from doing any work in the case until the financial deposit has been paid. If it becomes clear that the amount in financial deposit is insufficient to cover the actual costs, the expert shall report this to the Secretariat as soon as possible. Interest is not added to the deposit.
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(6) The Secretariat may at any time demand that the financial deposit be adjusted and that any additional amount in deposit be paid before the case continues. This applies in particular to cases where the amount in dispute has been changed, or where the case turns out to be more difficult or complex than originally estimated.

(7) The arbitrator shall at any time keep in contact with the Secretariat about the developments in the arbitration case to ensure that the deposit is adequate at any point in time. This is particularly relevant prior to the oral hearing or decisions to initiate particularly cost-consuming measures.

(8) Upon the request of a party the arbitrator may decide that the other party shall provide security for any costs which the arbitrator may impose upon this party by a final arbitral award. Failure by the other party to comply with any decision to provide security may cause the arbitrator to close or stay the processing of that party’s claims, except for claims for dismissal or acquittal.

Statement of Defence and Counterclaim(s)

Statement of Defence and Any Counterclaim(s)

Article 7

(1) Within a deadline fixed by the Secretariat of at least 10 calendar days the Respondent shall submit a Statement of Defence containing as a minimum the following information:

(a) The Respondent's name, address, telephone number and e-mail address as well as any VAT and company registration number.
(b) Information about any legal counsel of the Respondent, including the names and addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of such legal counsel.
(c) The Respondent’s response to the relief or remedy sought and any counterclaims.
(d) A statement of the facts and legal points supporting the Respondent’s response.
(e) A reference to the documents, reports and other evidence, if possible, upon which the Respondent intends to rely.
(f) Any comments regarding the appointment of the arbitrator.

(2) Documents etc., referred to in the Statement of Defence shall be enclosed in the form of original documents or copies thereof.

(3) The Statement of Defence and any exhibits shall be forwarded in the number of copies stated in Article 4 (5).
Claimant’s Reply to Counterclaim(s)

Article 8
(1) The Claimant shall produce a reply to any counterclaim(s) within 10 calendar days. Documents referred to in the reply shall be enclosed in the form of original documents or copies thereof. The provisions of Article 4 (5) shall also apply.

Appointment of the Arbitrator

Availability, Impartiality and Independence

Article 9
(1) The Arbitral Tribunal shall consist of a sole arbitrator. The arbitrator shall hold a law degree and be available, impartial and independent.

Appointment

Article 10
(1) The arbitrator is appointed by the Chairman’s Committee.

(2) Where not all parties to the dispute have the same nationality, the arbitrator shall be of a nationality and be domiciled in a country other than those of the parties, unless the parties agree otherwise, or, if a party does not object, the Chairman’s Committee decides otherwise.

(3) Before being appointed an arbitrator shall sign a Declaration of Acceptance and of Impartiality and Independence. At the same time, the arbitrator shall disclose in writing any circumstances which might give rise to reasonable doubts as to the arbitrator’s availability, impartiality or independence. The arbitrator shall also produce information on his or her professional and educational background, etc. (CV/résumé). The Secretariat shall forward the declaration and the CV/résumé to the parties and fix a deadline for any comments.

(4) During the case the arbitrator shall immediately disclose in writing to the other arbitrators, the parties and the Secretariat any circumstances that should have been disclosed according to (2) had they existed at that time.

Challenge of the Arbitrator

Article 11
(1) A party may challenge an arbitrator only if it finds that circumstances exist, which give rise to justifiable doubts as to the impartiality or independence of the arbitrator, or if the party finds that the arbitrator does not possess the qualifications agreed on between
the parties. A challenge shall be submitted in writing to the Secretariat within 15 calendar days of the party having become aware of the appointment of the arbitrator and the circumstances on which the challenge is based.

(2) The Secretariat shall notify the parties and the arbitrator of its receipt of the challenge fixing a deadline for any comments.

(3) Unless the challenged arbitrator resigns or the parties agree that the arbitrator shall not be appointed or that his or her appointment shall be revoked, the Chairman’s Committee shall decide on the challenge.

(4) Even in the absence of a challenge, cf. (1), the Chairman’s Committee may decide not to appoint an arbitrator or to revoke his or her appointment if it finds that there are justifiable doubts as to the impartiality or independence of the arbitrator, or if it finds that the arbitrator does not possess the qualifications agreed on between the parties.

**Replacement of the Arbitrator**

**Article 12**

(1) If an arbitrator resigns, dies or for other reasons is replaced, another arbitrator shall be appointed in accordance with the same rules as those that applied to the appointment of the arbitrator having resigned, etc.

(2) If an arbitrator does not act timely and efficiently, or if the arbitrator’s other duties according to the Rules are not fulfilled, a party may request the Chairman’s Committee to decide whether the arbitrator shall be replaced. Even in the absence of such a request, the Chairman’s Committee may replace an arbitrator on the grounds mentioned in the 1st sentence of this paragraph.

**Conduct of the Arbitration**

**Article 13**

(1) When the financial deposit is paid and the arbitrator is appointed, the Secretariat shall refer the case to the arbitrator. Henceforth, all correspondence shall be exchanged directly between the arbitrator and the parties, with copies to the Secretariat, which follows the developments in the case so that, if necessary, it may assist the arbitrator and the parties in ensuring that the case progresses effectively and efficiently.

(2) The place of arbitration shall be Copenhagen, Denmark, unless otherwise agreed between the parties.
Article 14
(1) The parties may agree on the language(s) to be used in the arbitration. Failing such agreement, the arbitrator shall determine the language(s) to be used, after having invited the parties to comment.

(2) The arbitrator may decide that written evidence be accompanied by a translation into the language(s) agreed between the parties or determined by the arbitrator.

(3) The arbitrator shall decide the arbitration in accordance with the law chosen by the parties as applicable to a decision of the merits of the dispute. Failing a designation by the parties of the rules of law applicable to the decision of the merits of the dispute, the arbitrator shall apply the rules, which he or she considers appropriate after having invited the parties to comment.

(4) The arbitrator shall decide the dispute as amiable compositeur or ex aequo et bono only if the parties have expressly authorised it to do so.

(5) The arbitrator shall in any case decide the dispute in accordance with the provisions of the contract and with due regard to the usages of the trade applicable to the case.

(6) The Rules have been prepared in Danish, English, German, French, Russian and Chinese. In cases where the procedural language is Danish, German, French, Russian or Chinese, the Danish, German, French, Russian or Chinese version of the Rules, respectively, shall apply. In all other cases the English version of the Rules shall apply.

Fundamental Principles

Article 15
(1) The arbitrator shall be fair and impartial and shall ensure that parties are treated with equality and that each party is given full opportunity to present its case. The arbitrator shall ensure that the arbitration is conducted within reasonable time and in an efficient and cost-conscious manner.

(2) The arbitration shall be governed by the Rules and, where the Rules are silent, by any other rules agreed by the parties or, failing that, by rules decided by the arbitrator.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed between the parties, the case shall be settled on the basis of written submissions only.

(4) Prior to the conclusion of the preparatory work in the case, all submissions, documents, expert statements obtained by a party and other information produced to the arbitrator by one party shall be communicated to the other party. Also expert opinions and evidentiary documents received by the arbitrator directly from third parties shall be communicated to the parties.
Upon the request of a party, the arbitrator may make decisions concerning the confidentiality of the arbitration proceedings or of any other matters in connection with the arbitration and take measures to protect trade secrets and confidential information.

If, without showing good cause, a party fails to participate in the proceedings, the arbitrator may continue the proceedings and make an arbitral award on the evidence before it.

Experts Appointed by the Arbitrator

Article 16
(1) After having invited the parties to comment, the arbitrator may decide to appoint one or more experts to report to it on specific issues to be determined by the arbitrator. The arbitrator may order a party to give the expert any and all relevant information and grant him or her access to inspect documents and other evidence.

(2) Any person appointed expert shall be available, impartial and independent.

(3) Before being appointed, the expert shall sign a Declaration of Acceptance and of Impartiality and Independence. At the same time the expert shall disclose in writing any circumstances which might give rise to reasonable doubts as to his or her availability, impartiality or independence. The expert shall also produce information on his or her professional and educational background, etc. (CV/résumé). The Secretariat shall forward the declaration and the CV/résumé to the parties and fix a deadline for any comments.

(4) After the appointment and during the case the expert shall immediately disclose in writing to the arbitrator, the parties and the Secretariat any circumstances that should have been disclosed according to (3) had they existed at that time.

(5) Upon the request of the arbitrator or a joint request of the parties, the Secretariat shall produce one or more candidates for appointment as expert(s). The Secretariat shall charge a fee for the appointment of such expert(s) amounting to EUR 500 or the corresponding amount in Danish Kroner (DKK) per expert.

(6) After having invited the parties to comment, the arbitrator shall decide the fee payable to the expert.

Interim Measures

Article 17
(1) Upon the request of a party the arbitrator may order another party to take such interim measures as the arbitrator may consider necessary in respect of the subject-matter of the dispute. The arbitrator may require the party to provide appropriate security in connection with such measure.
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Closing of the Proceedings

Article 18
(1) When the arbitrator finds that the case has been adequately clarified, the arbitrator shall close the arbitral proceedings in order to render a final award.

The Arbitral Award

Form and Content of the Award

Article 19
(1) As soon as possible, and, if possible, not later than 30 calendar days from the referral of the case to the arbitrator, cf. Article 13, the draft version of the arbitral award must be submitted to the Secretariat for the purpose of the scrutiny mentioned in Article 23. If the draft award has not been submitted by the expiry of the deadline, the arbitrator shall notify the parties and the Secretariat of the time when the draft award may be expected.

(2) The award shall state its date and the place of arbitration. Unless otherwise agreed between the parties, the award shall contain a presentation of the facts of the case, including the claims made by the parties and, to the extent necessary, a rendition of any written statements made by parties and witnesses and the legal arguments of the parties. The award shall also contain a detailed statement of the reasons upon which it is based.

(3) The award shall be in writing and shall be signed by the arbitrator.

Decision as to the Costs

Article 20
(1) The award shall state the costs of the arbitration and the proportion in which they shall be borne by the parties. The costs of the arbitration include the fees and any arbitration-related expenses of experts appointed by the arbitrator, the fees and any arbitration-related expenses of the arbitrator, as well as the registration fee, administrative charge and arbitration-related expenses payable to DIA.

(2) The Secretariat shall make the final computation of the costs of the arbitration. The costs stated in the award shall equal the amount decided by the Secretariat. Any excess amount of the financial deposit is reimbursed.

(3) The award shall also state whether or not a party shall compensate the other party for reasonable costs, including legal costs, incurred by that other party in relation to the arbitration.

(4) In its decision as to costs, the arbitrator shall take into account the outcome of the case and other relevant circumstances, including any agreement between the parties.
and the extent to which each party has contributed to the arbitration in an efficient and cost-conscious manner.

_Arbitrator’s Fee_

**Article 21**
(1) The fee of the arbitrator shall be fixed by the Chairman’s Committee on the basis of the arbitrator’s reasoned written proposal based on Appendix 1, Article 3.

_Liability for Costs_

**Article 22**
(1) The parties shall be jointly and severally liable for the total costs of the arbitration regardless of how the costs have been allocated in the award and whether or not the amount exceeds the financial deposit lodged. If this means that one party has to pay for the other party, the former shall have a right of recourse against the latter.

_Scrutiny of the Award_

**Article 23**
(1) Before the rendering of the award, the Secretariat shall scrutinize the draft award. The Secretariat may propose modifications as to the form of the award and without affecting the arbitrator’s jurisdiction; draw the arbitrator’s attention to other issues, including issues of importance to the validity of the award and its recognition and enforcement. Notwithstanding the scrutiny by the Secretariat, the responsibility for the contents of the award lies exclusively with the arbitrator.

_Notification of the Parties, etc._

**Article 24**
(1) The Secretariat shall forward to the parties the award signed by the arbitrator, provided that the total costs of the arbitration have been fully paid to DIA.

(2) Upon the request of a party, the Secretariat shall forward a certified copy of the award.

(3) The award shall be binding on the parties. The parties undertake to carry out any award without undue delay and shall be deemed to have waived their right to any form of recourse insofar as such waiver can validly be made.
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Award by Consent

Article 25
(1) If, during the case, the parties settle the dispute, the arbitrator shall terminate the proceedings. If requested by the parties and not objected to by the arbitrator, the arbitrator shall record the settlement in the form of an arbitral award by consent.

(2) An arbitral award by consent shall be made in accordance with Article 19, except that such an award shall not be reasoned, and it shall state that it is an arbitral award. Such an award shall have the same status and legal effect as any other arbitral award on the merits of the case.

Correction, Interpretation and Additional Award

Article 26
(1) Within 30 calendar days of receiving an arbitral award a party may request from the arbitrator:

(a) A correction of an award where, due to written, typing or calculation errors or similar errors, the contents of the award are not in accordance with the intention of the arbitrator,

(b) an interpretation of the award, or

(c) the making of an additional award with regard to claims which, although they were presented to the arbitrator and should have been decided by it, were omitted from the award.

(2) A request for a correction to or an interpretation of an arbitral award or for the making of an additional award shall be submitted to the arbitrator and to the other party with a copy to the Secretariat. The arbitrator shall decide on the matter after having invited the other party to comment.

(3) The arbitrator may correct any error of the kind referred to in (1) (a) on its own motion within 30 calendar days of the date of the award, after having invited the parties to comment.

(4) Under special circumstances the arbitrator may extend the deadlines stated in (1) and (3) above.

(5) The provisions in Article 19-24 shall also apply to decisions to correct or interpret the arbitral award as well as to an additional award.
Miscellaneous

*Interim Arbitrator; Emergency Arbitrator*

Article 27
(1) Where the taking of evidence or interim measures cannot await the appointment of the arbitrator under the Rules, it may be done with assistance from an interim arbitrator or an emergency arbitrator in accordance with the provisions contained in Appendices 2 and 3, respectively.

Waiver

Article 28
(1) A party who has become aware that a provision of the Rules or a requirement under the arbitration agreement has not been complied with and yet proceeds with the case without stating an objection to such non-compliance without undue delay or, if a deadline is provided therefore, before that deadline, shall be deemed to have waived the right to object.

Confidentiality

Article 29
(1) The arbitrator, the members of the Board or the Board of Representatives, the Chairman’s Committee, the Secretariat and the Secretary General of DIA shall treat all matters relating to the arbitration as confidential. Notwithstanding the 1st sentence, the decisions made by the Chairman’s Committee in pursuance of Article 11 (3) and (4) may be published in an anonymous form.

Archiving, etc.

Article 30
(1) When the costs of the arbitration have been paid and the case has been closed, the Secretariat shall, upon the request of the parties, return original documents, drawings and similar documents to the parties. Everything else that has been submitted in the case shall remain the property of DIA.

(2) DIA shall keep arbitral awards in its archive for a minimum of 10 years.

Limitation of Liability

Article 31
(1) The arbitrator, persons appointed by the arbitrator, DIA, the members of the Board or DIA’s Board of Representatives, the Chairman’s Committee, the Secretariat or the Sec-
Retary General shall not be liable for any act or omission in connection with the arbitration, except to the extent such limitation of liability is prohibited by applicable law.
Appendix 1 - Administrative Charge and Arbitrator’s Fee

Introduction

Article 1
(1) The scales of administrative charges to DIA and the arbitrator’s fee set out in Article 2 and 3, respectively, are fixed by the Board of DIA and are effective as of 1 May 2013 in respect of all arbitrations commenced on or after such date, irrespective of the version of the rules of DIA applying to such arbitrations.

(2) The scales apply whether the dispute is decided after conducting an oral hearing or on basis of written submissions only.

Administrative Charge

Article 2
(1) The administrative charge shall be fixed by the Chairman’s Committee in accordance with the scale set out below.

(2) The administrative charge cannot exceed the amounts set out in the scale below.

(3) Where the amount in dispute cannot be determined on the basis of the claim made, the monetary value of the case shall be fixed at the discretion of the Chairman’s Committee.

(4) Where a case ends before the rendering of a final award, for instance where the parties settle the dispute, the Chairman’s Committee shall fix a reasonable administrative charge, taking into account the work DIA has put into the case and any other circumstances. If an arbitration ends immediately prior to the oral hearing, the administrative charge shall be the full amount applicable under the scale below, unless the Chairman’s Committee decides otherwise.
### Administrative Charge

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount in dispute in EUR and DKK</th>
<th>Administrative charge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Up to EUR 25,000</td>
<td>EUR 1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Up to DKK 185,000</td>
<td>DKK 7,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 25,001 to EUR 50,000</td>
<td>EUR 675 + 3 % of the amount above EUR 25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 185,001 to DKK 370,000</td>
<td>DKK 5,000 + 3 % of the amount above DKK 185,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 50,001 to EUR 100,000</td>
<td>EUR 2,000 + 2 % of the amount above EUR 50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 370,001 to DKK 740,000</td>
<td>DKK 15,000 + 2 % of the amount above DKK 370,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 100,001 to EUR 300,000</td>
<td>EUR 3,000 + 1 % of the amount above EUR 100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 740,001 to DKK 2,200,000</td>
<td>DKK 22,000 + 1 % of the amount above DKK 740,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 300,001 to EUR 500,000</td>
<td>EUR 4,000 + 1 % of the amount above EUR 300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 2,200,001 to DKK 3,700,000</td>
<td>DKK 30,000 + 1 % of the amount above DKK 2,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 500,001 to EUR 1,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 7,000 + 0.8 % of the amount above EUR 500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 3,700,001 to DKK 7,400,000</td>
<td>DKK 53,000 + 0.8 % of the amount above DKK 3,700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 1,000,001 to EUR 2,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 11,000 + 0.3 % of the amount above EUR 1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 7,400,001 to DKK 14,800,000</td>
<td>DKK 81,000 + 0.3 % of the amount above DKK 7,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 2,000,001 to EUR 5,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 14,000 + 0.1 % of the amount above EUR 2,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 14,800,001 to DKK 37,000,000</td>
<td>DKK 103,000 + 0.1 % of the amount above DKK 14,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 5,000,001 to EUR 10,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 17,000 + 0.06 % of the amount above EUR 5,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 37,000,001 to DKK 74,000,000</td>
<td>DKK 125,000 + 0.06 % of the amount above DKK 37,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 10,000,001 to EUR 50,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 20,000 + 0.02 % of the amount above EUR 10,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 74,000,001 to DKK 370,000,000</td>
<td>DKK 148,000 + 0.02 % of the amount above DKK 74,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 50,000,001 to EUR 75,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 28,000 + 0.01 % of the amount above EUR 50,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 370,000,001 to DKK 555,000,000</td>
<td>DKK 207,000 + 0.01 % of the amount above DKK 370,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From EUR 75,000,001 to EUR 100,000,000</td>
<td>EUR 30,500 + 0.01 % of the amount above EUR 75,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From DKK 555,000,001 to DKK 740,000,000</td>
<td>DKK 225,000 + 0.01 % of the amount above DKK 555,000,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Maximum EUR 60,000

Maximum DKK 444,000
Article 3
(1) The fee of the arbitrator shall be fixed by the Chairman’s Committee of DIA upon a reasoned written proposal made by the arbitrator. The proposal shall be based on the application of the scale set out below.

(2) In addition, when fixing the fees, the Chairman’s Committee takes into account whether the arbitrator has ensured that the deposit is adequate at any point in time, the diligence of the arbitrator and the extent to which the arbitrator has managed the arbitration in an efficient and cost-conscious manner, including whether the deadline mentioned in Article 19 (1) has been complied with, the amount in dispute, time spent, the complexity of the dispute and any other relevant circumstances.

(3) The Chairman’s Committee may fix the fee of the arbitrator at a level below or above that which would result from the application of the scale below should this be deemed necessary due to exceptional circumstances.

(4) Where the amount in dispute cannot be determined on the basis of the claim made, the monetary value of the case shall be fixed at the discretion of the Chairman’s Committee.

(5) Separate fee arrangements between the parties and the arbitrator shall be considered contrary to the Rules.

(6) Where a case ends before the rendering of a final award, the Chairman’s Committee shall at its discretion fix a reasonable fee to the arbitrator in accordance with (1) - (4) above.

(7) Amounts payable to the arbitrator do not include any possible value added tax (VAT) or other taxes or charges that may be and imposeable to the arbitrator’s fees. Parties have a duty to pay any such taxes or charges; however, the recovery of any such charges or taxes is a matter solely between the arbitrator and the parties.

## Arbitrator’s Fee

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount in dispute in EUR and DKK</th>
<th>The Arbitrator’s Fee</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Up to EUR 25,000</td>
<td>EUR 1,350</td>
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<tr>
<td>Up to DKK 185,000</td>
<td>DKK 10,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>From EUR 25,001 to EUR 50,000</td>
<td>EUR 2,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>From DKK 185,001 to DKK 370,000</td>
<td>DKK 15,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>From EUR 50,001 to EUR 100,000</td>
<td>EUR 2,700</td>
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<tr>
<td>From DKK 370,001 to DKK 740,000</td>
<td>DKK 20,000</td>
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<td>EUR 3,400</td>
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<td>From DKK 555,000,001 to DKK 740,000,000</td>
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Appendix 2 - Taking of Evidence Prior to the Appointment of the Arbitrator

Powers of the Interim Arbitrator

Article 1
(1) The interim arbitrator has powers to resolve any disputes between the parties regarding the taking of evidence, cf. Article 27 of the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.

(2) The powers of the interim arbitrator shall terminate when:

   (a) the arbitrator is appointed in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration, or
   (b) the interim arbitrator decides that the proceedings of the taking of evidence are closed or have become unnecessary or impossible.

(3) The interim arbitrator may require a party to provide appropriate security.

Application for Appointment of an Interim Arbitrator

Article 2
(1) An application for the appointment of an interim arbitrator shall as a minimum include the following information:

   (a) The names, addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of the parties as well as any VAT and company registration numbers.
   (b) Information about any legal counsel of the parties, including the names and addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of such legal counsel.
   (c) A statement of the facts and legal circumstances and documents and other evidence upon which the party intends to rely, as well as any other information necessary for the handling of the application.
   (d) Any comments on the place of the interim arbitration, the rules of law chosen by the parties as applicable to the case as well as the language(s) to be used in the proceedings.

(2) Documents referred to in the application, including the arbitration agreement, shall be enclosed in the form of original documents or copies thereof.
THE DANISH INSTITUTE OF ARBITRATION

Confirmation of Receipt of the Application

Article 3

(1) The Secretariat shall inform the parties of its receipt of the application and shall at the same time send them a copy of the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.

Appointment of the Interim Arbitrator

Article 4

(1) The Chairman’s Committee shall as soon as possible appoint an interim arbitrator, unless an interim arbitrator manifestly lacks jurisdiction.

(2) The interim arbitrator shall be and shall remain impartial and independent of the parties involved during the processing of the case.

(3) An interim arbitrator may not be appointed arbitrator in any future arbitration related to the dispute, unless otherwise agreed between the parties.

Place of the Interim Arbitration

Article 5

(1) The place of the interim arbitration shall be Copenhagen, Denmark, unless otherwise agreed between the parties.

Referral to the Interim Arbitrator

Article 6

(1) When the interim arbitrator has been appointed, the Secretariat shall refer the application and any additional correspondence to the interim arbitrator. Henceforth, all correspondence shall be exchanged directly between the interim arbitrator and the parties with copies to the Secretariat, which will follow the developments in the case so that, if necessary, it may assist the interim arbitrator and the parties in ensuring that the case progresses effectively and efficiently.

Conduct of the Interim Proceedings and the Decisions of the Interim Arbitrator

Article 7

(1) The interim proceedings shall be conducted under the Rules of Simplified Arbitration which are applied with such modifications as follows from the nature of the case.
(2) The decisions of the interim arbitrator shall be binding on the parties and shall be complied with without delay.

(3) The decisions of the interim arbitrator shall not be binding on an arbitrator appointed in accordance with the rules stated in (1).

Financial Deposit and Costs

Article 8
(1) The party applying for the appointment of an interim arbitrator shall pay a cash deposit as security for the estimated costs of interim proceedings.

(2) The Secretariat shall fix the amount of the financial deposit. Failure by a party to pay the financial deposit demanded by the Secretariat within a deadline of 5 calendar days of receiving notice of its size may cause the Secretariat to close the case without prejudice to the said party's possibility of submitting an application on the same issue at a later stage. At any time the Secretariat may decide that the financial deposit be adjusted and that any additional amount be paid before the proceedings continue.

(3) The costs of the interim proceedings include the fee and any arbitration-related expenses of the interim arbitrator and the administrative charge and any arbitration-related expenses of DIA. The administrative charge payable to DIA amounts to one third of the fee to the interim arbitrator. The fee of the interim arbitrator shall be fixed by the Chairman's Committee upon a reasoned written proposal made by the interim arbitrator in accordance with the principles of Appendix 1 applied with such modifications as follows from the nature of the case.

(4) Upon the request of a party, the costs of the interim proceedings may be finally apportioned between the parties by the arbitrator that may later be appointed in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.

Appointment of Experts

Article 9
(1) Upon the request of a party and after having invited the other party to comment, the interim arbitrator may decide to appoint one or more experts to report to it on specific issues.

(2) Upon the request of the interim arbitrator or a joint request of the parties, the Secretariat shall produce one or more candidates for appointment as expert(s). The Secretariat shall charge a fee for the appointment of such expert(s) amounting to EUR 500 or the equivalent amount in Danish Kroner (DKK) per expert.

(3) In addition to the charge mentioned in Article 9 (2), a financial deposit shall be paid to DIA as security for the estimated costs of the work of the expert.
(4) The party requesting the appointment of an expert shall pay the amounts mentioned in (2) and (3), unless otherwise decided by the Secretariat.
Appendix 3 - Interim Measures to be Granted Prior to the Appointment of the Arbitrator

Powers of the Emergency Arbitrator

Article 1
(1) The emergency arbitrator may upon the request of a party grant any interim measure that he or she deems to be necessary in view of the nature of the case, cf. Article 27 of the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.

(2) The powers of the emergency arbitrator shall terminate when:

   (a) the arbitrator is appointed in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration,
   (b) arbitration is not commenced within 30 calendar days from the date of the emergency arbitrator’s decision, or
   (c) the emergency arbitrator finds that interim measures are unnecessary or impossible.

(3) The emergency arbitrator may order a party to provide appropriate security.

Application for Appointment of an Emergency Arbitrator

Article 2
(1) An application for the appointment of an emergency arbitrator shall as a minimum include the following information:

   (a) The names, addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of the parties as well as any VAT and company registration numbers.
   (b) Information about any legal counsel of the parties, including the names and addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of such legal counsel.
   (c) A statement of the interim measure sought.
   (d) A statement of the facts and legal circumstances and documents and other evidence upon which the party intends to rely, and any other information necessary for the handling of the application, including comments on why the interim measure cannot await the appointment of the arbitrator in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.
   (e) Any comments on the place of the emergency arbitration, the rules of law chosen by the parties as applicable to the case as well as the language(s) to be used in the proceedings.
   (f) Proof of any payment of a financial deposit pursuant to Article 10.

(2) Documents referred to in the application, including the arbitration agreement, shall be enclosed in the form of original documents or copies thereof.
Confirmation of Receipt of the Application

Article 3
(1) The Secretariat shall inform the parties of its receipt of the application and shall at the same time send them a copy of the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.

Appointment of the Emergency Arbitrator

Article 4
(1) The Chairman's Committee shall appoint an emergency arbitrator as soon as possible, unless an emergency arbitrator manifestly lacks jurisdiction.

(2) The emergency arbitrator shall be and shall remain impartial and independent of the parties.

(3) An emergency arbitrator may not be appointed arbitrator in any future arbitration related to the dispute, unless otherwise agreed between the parties.

Place of the Emergency Arbitration

Article 5
(1) The place of the emergency arbitration shall be Copenhagen, Denmark, unless otherwise agreed between the parties.

Referral to the Emergency Arbitrator

Article 6
(1) When the emergency arbitrator is appointed, the Secretariat shall refer the application and any additional correspondence to the emergency arbitrator. Henceforth, all correspondence shall be exchanged directly between the emergency arbitrator and the parties with copies to the Secretariat, which will follow the developments in the case so that, if necessary, it may assist the emergency arbitrator and the parties in ensuring that the case progresses effectively and efficiently.

Conduct of the Emergency Proceedings

Article 7
(1) The emergency proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration which are applied with such necessary modifications in view of the urgent nature of the case.
Article 8
(1) The emergency arbitrator shall make a decision on any interim measures as soon as possible and not later than 14 calendar days from the date upon which the application was referred pursuant to Article 6. If a decision is not made by the deadline fixed in 1st sentence, the emergency arbitrator shall notify the parties and the Secretariat of the time when a decision in the case may be expected.

(2) The decision of the emergency arbitrator shall be in writing and signed, and it shall state the date it was made, the reasons upon which it is based and the place of the emergency arbitration.

(3) The decision of the emergency arbitrator shall be forwarded to each party and the Secretariat.

Binding Effect of the Decision

Article 9
(1) The decision of the emergency arbitrator shall be binding on the parties and shall be complied with as soon as possible.

(2) The decision of the emergency arbitrator shall cease to be binding where:

(a) The emergency arbitrator or the arbitrator appointed in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration so decides,
(b) the arbitrator appointed in accordance with the rules stated in (a) makes a final award in the case, or
(c) an arbitration in accordance with the rules stated in (a) is not commenced within 30 calendar days from the date of the decision of the emergency arbitrator.

(3) The decisions of the emergency arbitrator shall not be binding on the arbitrator appointed in accordance with the rules stated in (2)(a).

Financial Deposit and Costs

Article 10
(1) The party applying for the appointment of an emergency arbitrator shall pay a cash deposit of EUR 10,000 or the equivalent amount in Danish Kroner (DKK) as security for the estimated costs of the emergency proceedings.

(2) Failure by a party to pay the financial deposit not later than the day after submitting the application mentioned in Article 2 may cause the Secretariat to close the case without prejudice to the said party’s possibility of submitting an application on the same is-
sue at a later stage. At any time the Secretariat may demand that the financial deposit be adjusted and that any additional amount be paid before the proceedings continue.

(3) The costs of the emergency proceedings include the fee and any arbitration-related expenses of the emergency arbitrator and an administrative charge and any arbitration-related expenses of DIA. The administrative charge of DIA amounts to one third of the fee to the emergency arbitrator. The fee of the emergency arbitrator shall be fixed by the Chairman’s Committee upon a reasoned written proposal made by the emergency arbitrator in accordance with the principles of Appendix 1 applied with such modifications as follows from the nature of the case.

(4) Upon the request of a party, the costs of the emergency proceedings may be finally apportioned between the parties by the arbitrator that may later be appointed in accordance with the Rules of Simplified Arbitration.